# School Accountability Report Card Reported Using Data from the 2010-11 School Year Published During 2011-12

Every school in California is required by state law to publish a School Accountability Report Card (SARC), by February 1 of each year. The SARC contains information about the condition and performance of each California public school.

- For more information about SARC requirements, see the California Department of Education (CDE) SARC webpage at http://www.cde.ca.gov/ta/ac/sa/.
- For additional information about the school, parents and community members should contact the school principal or the district office.

#### I. Data and Access

## **EdData Partnership Web Site**

EdData is a partnership of the CDE, EdSource, and the Fiscal Crisis Management and Assistance Team (FCMAT) that provides extensive financial, demographic, and performance information about California's public kindergarten through grade twelve school districts and schools.

#### **DataQuest**

DataQuest is an online data tool located on the CDE DataQuest webpage at <a href="http://dq.cde.ca.gov/dataquest/">http://dq.cde.ca.gov/dataquest/</a> that contains additional information about this school and comparisons of the school to the district, the county, and the state. Specifically, DataQuest is a dynamic system that provides reports for accountability (e.g., state Academic Performance Index [API], federal Adequate Yearly Progress [AYP]), test data, enrollment, high school graduates, dropouts, course enrollments, staffing, and data regarding English learners.

#### **Internet Access**

Internet access is available at public libraries and other locations that are publicly accessible. Access to the Internet at libraries and public locations is generally provided on a first-come, first-served basis. Other use restrictions may include the hours of operation, the length of time that a workstation may be used (depending on availability), the types of software programs available on a workstation, and the ability to print documents.

## **II. About This School**

Contact Information (School Year 2011-12)

	School	District		
School Name	Murdock Elementary School	District Name Willows Unified School District		
Street	655 French Street	Phone Number	530.934.6600	
City, State, Zip	Willows, CA 95988	Web Site	www.willowsunified.org	
Phone Number	(530) 934-6640	Superintendent	Mort Geivett, Ed.D.	
Principal	Holly McLaughlin	E-mail Address	mgeivett@willowsunified.org	
E-mail Address	hmclaughlin@willowsunified.org	CDS Code	11626616007603	

#### School Description and Mission Statement (School Year 2010-11)

This section provides information about the school, its programs and its goals.

Murdock Elementary School, located at 655 French Street in Willows, has an enrollment of approximately 550 students, who come, for the most part, from a rural community. Twenty-three teachers serve a population of students that are mostly White, Hispanic, and Asian in grades K - 4.

Murdock Elementary School is committed to developing a learning community of responsible citizens and lifelong learners. We cultivate and celebrate our differences and work in partnership with our community to help our students achieve their full potential and realize their dreams.

It is the mission of Murdock Elementary School to develop an environment in which high expectations and academic achievement go hand in hand with social, psychological, and moral development. Within state and local guidelines, we will provide an effective instructional program based on shared decision-making and communication by staff, students, parents, and the community that will meet the needs of a diverse student population.

The core curriculum consists of English, reading, math, science, social studies, and physical education as mandated by the State Board of Education and set forth in the district curriculum guidelines. The content of the curriculum is the same for all students, but the method of delivery is adjusted to meet the needs of all students. Some of the adjustments may include program changes, altering the amount and/or difficulty of homework assignments, using cooperative learning techniques, assigning peer tutors, participating in team teaching, and consulting with the parents and support services (i.e., counselor, psychologist, speech and language therapist).

#### **Opportunities for Parental Involvement (School Year 2010-11)**

This section provides information on how parents can become involved in school activities, including contact information pertaining to organized opportunities for parent involvement.

Murdock Elementary has one parent club: Parent Teacher Organization. The goals of the parent group are to:

- Organize parents for special activities that benefit Murdock School
- Fund-raising to support classroom learning
- Parent education/information and community relations

In addition to participating in the Parent Organizations, here are further ways you can participate in your child's school:

- Classroom volunteer
- · Library volunteer
- PTO volunteer
- Drive on field trips
- Help with special classroom projects
- Make a presentation on your travels, job, hobby, etc.
- Decorate for events
- · Help with reading, writing, math, science, computers, PE, fine arts, history projects
- Organize a party
- · Post student art in the halls
- Do things outside school hours: make copies, shop for supplies, assemble party favors, make costumes

Please contact the school principal, Holly McLaughlin at 934-6640, to find out how you can participate.

Student Enrollment by Grade Level (School Year 2010-11)

Grade Level	Number of Students
Kindergarten	127
Grade 1	105
Grade 2	110
Grade 3	126
Grade 4	120
Grade 5	0
Total Enrollment	588

Student Enrollment by Group (School Year 2010-11)

Group	Percent of Total Enrollment	Group	Percent of Total Enrollment
Black or African American	1.4	White	41.6
American Indian or Alaska Native	3.4	Two or More Races	0
Asian	6.7	Socioeconomically Disadvantaged	74.3
Filipino	0.2	English Learners	40.4
Hispanic or Latino	46.2	Students with Disabilities	5
Native Hawaiian/Pacific Islander	0.2		

Average Class Size and Class Size Distribution (Elementary)

		200	8-09		2009-10			2010-11					
Grade Level	Avg.	Numbe	er of Class	rooms	Avg.	Numbe	er of Class	rooms	Avg.	Numbe	Number of Classrooms		
	Class Size	1-20	21-32	33+	Class Size	1-20	21-32	33+	Class Size	1-20	21-32	33+	
K	18.7	7	0	0	27.2	0	5	0	23.8	1	4	0	
1	17.4	8	0	0	28.75	0	4	0	24.3	0	4	0	
2	19	7	0	0	33.25	0	0	4	26.3	0	4	0	
3	18.6	7	0	0	32.25	0	2	2	31	0	3	1	
4	35	0	0	4	30.5	0	3	1	28.3	0	4	0	
5	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0					
Other	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0					

Number of classes indicates how many classes fall into each size category (a range of total students per class).

## **III. School Climate**

## School Safety Plan (School Year 2010-11)

This section provides information about the school's comprehensive safety plan, including the dates on which the safety plan was last reviewed, updated, and discussed with faculty; as well as a brief description of the key elements of the plan.

An extensive school safety plan, updated annually, in accordance with SB 187, has been developed and implemented. This plan includes the following emergency procedures: traumatic incidents, imminent danger procedure-Code Red, evacuation/relocation procedure, civil defense/disorder, bomb threat/bomb emergency, earthquake, chemical spill, crime in progress, and fire/explosion. Staff and students practice fire drills monthly, earthquake drills three times each year, and Code Blue drills four times each year. Teachers and students are familiar with all the procedures.

School grounds are monitored by school staff. All visitors are required to sign in at the school's main office and wear a visitor's pass. Safety is high priority at Murdock Elementary School. The plan was reviewed and updated November, 2011.

Suspensions and Expulsions

Dete	School			District		
Rate	2008-09	2009-10	2010-11	2008-09	2009-10	2010-11
Suspensions	12.13	18.92	8.8	13.33	30.44	10.0
Expulsions	0.15	0.15	0	0.64	0.59	.25

The rate of suspensions and expulsions is calculated by dividing the total number of incidents by the total enrollment (and multiplying by 100).

#### IV. School Facilities

#### School Facility Conditions and Planned Improvements (School Year 2011-12)

This section provides information from the most recent Facility Inspection Tool (FIT) data (or equivalent), including:

- Description of the safety, cleanliness, and adequacy of the school facility
- · Description of any planned or recently completed facility improvements
- · The year and month in which the data were collected
- Description of any needed maintenance to ensure good repair

#### Year and month in which data were collected: 08-26-2011

Murdock Elementary prides itself in being a safe, clean, well-kept campus. Two full-time custodians clean the classrooms and office areas every other day while the restrooms and food service areas are cleaned daily. The entire school is monitored closely by administrators to report any unforeseen mishaps that may need the immediate attention of our custodial staff.

Murdock Elementary main buildings were built in 1952. Portable Classroom buildings were put in place during 1971, 1985, 1987, 1992, and 2000. The main buildings have been updated several times to include: installing heating and cooling, carpeting, and new lighting which has helped to maintain the efficiency and structure of the building. The cafeteria/multi-purpose room is available to accommodate our food service program and our music program. The school is in good condition despite its age.

To determine the condition of our facilities, our district sent experts from our facilities team to perform an inspection using a survey called the Facilities Inspection Tool, which is issued by the Office of Public School Construction. Based on that survey, we've answered the questions you see on this report. Please note that the information reflects the condition of our buildings as of the date of the report. Since that time, those conditions may have changed.

#### School Facility Good Repair Status (School Year 2011-12)

This section provides information from the most recent Facility Inspection Tool (FIT) data (or equivalent), including:

- · Determination of repair status for systems listed
- · Description of any needed maintenance to ensure good repair
- The Overall Rating (bottom row)

0.44.41	Repair Status				Repair Needed and
System Inspected	Exemplary	Good	Fair	Poor	Action Taken or Planned
Systems: Gas Leaks, Mechanical/HVAC, Sewer	[]	[X]	[]	[]	
Interior: Interior Surfaces	[]	[]	[X]	[]	
Cleanliness: Overall Cleanliness, Pest/ Vermin Infestation	[]	[X]	[]	[]	
Electrical: Electrical	[]	[X]	[]	[]	
Restrooms/Fountains: Restrooms, Sinks/ Fountains	[]	[]	[X]	[]	boys bathroom on the 100 wing needs to be repaired
Safety: Fire Safety, Hazardous Materials	[]	[X]	[]	[]	
Structural: Structural Damage, Roofs	[]	[]	[X]	[]	exterior of school needs to be painted cafeteria roof needs to be replaced
External: Playground/School Grounds, Windows/ Doors/Gates/Fences	[]	[X]	[]	[]	
Overall Rating	[]	[]	[X]	[]	

## V. Teachers

#### **Teacher Credentials**

T		District		
Teachers	2008-09	2009-10	2010-11	2010-11
With Full Credential	36	24	23	61
Without Full Credential	0	0	0	0
Teaching Outside Subject Area of Competence	0	0	0	

**Teacher Misassignments and Vacant Teacher Positions** 

Indicator	2009-10	2010-11	2011-12
Misassignments of Teachers of English Learners	0	0	0
Total Teacher Misassignments	0	0	0
Vacant Teacher Positions	0	0	0

 <sup>&</sup>quot;Misassignments" refers to the number of positions filled by teachers who lack legal authorization to teach that grade level, subject area, student group, etc.
 "Vacant Teacher Positions" refer to positions not filled by a single designated teacher assigned to teach the entire course at the beginning of the

## Core Academic Classes Taught by Highly Qualified Teachers (School Year 2010-11)

The Federal Elementary and Secondary Education Act (ESEA), also known as No Child Left Behind (NCLB), requires that core academic subjects be taught by Highly Qualified Teachers, defined as having at least a bachelor's degree, an appropriate California teaching credential, and demonstrated core academic subject area competence. For more information, see the CDE *Improving Teacher and Principal Quality* webpage at: http://www.cde.ca.gov/nclb/sr/tg/

Location of Classes	Percent of Classes In Core Academic Subjects Taught by				
Location of Classes	NCLB Compliant Teachers	Non-NCLB Compliant Teachers			
This School	100	0			
All Schools in District	100	0			
High-Poverty Schools in District	100	0			
Low-Poverty Schools in District	0	0			

High-poverty schools are defined as those schools with student eligibility of approximately 40 percent or more in the free and reduced price meals
program. Low-poverty schools are those with student eligibility of approximately 25 percent or less in the free and reduced price meals program.

<sup>&</sup>quot;Vacant Teacher Positions" refer to positions not filled by a single designated teacher assigned to teach the entire course at the beginning of the school year or semester.

# VI. Support Staff

Academic Counselors and Other Support Staff (School Year 2010-11)

Title	Number of FTE Assigned to School	Average Number of Students per Academic Counselor
Academic Counselor	0	
Counselor (Social/Behavioral or Career Development)	.80	
Library Media Teacher (Librarian)		
Library Media Services Staff (paraprofessional)	.488	
Psychologist	.50	
Social Worker		
Nurse	0.313	
Speech/Language/Hearing Specialist	0.5	
Resource Specialist (non-teaching)		
Other	0	

One Full-Time Equivalent (FTE) equals one staff member working full-time; one FTE could also represent two staff members who each work 50
percent of full-time.

## VII. Curriculum and Instructional Materials

# Quality, Currency, Availability of Textbooks and Instructional Materials (School Year 2011-12)

This section describes whether the textbooks and instructional materials used at the school are from the most recent adoption; whether there are sufficient textbooks and instruction materials for each student; and information about the school's use of any supplemental curriculum or non-adopted textbooks or instructional materials.

## Year and month in which data were collected: 12-2011

The main fact about textbooks that the Williams legislation calls for described whether schools have enough books in core classes for all students. The law also asks districts to reveal whether those books are presenting what the California Content Standards call for.

Core Curriculum Area	Textbooks and Instructional Materials/ Year of Adoption	From Most Recent Adoption?	Percent of Students Lacking Own Assigned Copy
Reading/Language Arts	2010 CA Treasures (McGraw Hill)	Yes	0
Mathematics	2009 enVision (Scott Foresman-Addison Wesley)	Yes	0
Science	2008 MacMillan/McGraw Hill California Science	Yes	0
History-Social Science	2007 History Social Science (Houghton Mifflin)	Yes	0

## **VIII. School Finances**

Expenditures Per Pupil and School Site Teacher Salaries (Fiscal Year 2009-10)

Level	Total Expenditures Per Pupil	Expenditures Per Pupil (Supplemental/ Restricted)	Expenditures Per Pupil (Basic/ Unrestricted)	Average Teacher Salary
School Site	6,592	1,170	5,422	72,566
District				72,566
Percent Difference: School Site and District				
State				77,611
Percent Difference: School Site and State				

Supplemental/Restricted expenditures come from money whose use is controlled by law or by a donor. Money that is designated for specific purposes by the district or governing board is not considered restricted.
 Basic/Unrestricted expenditures are from money whose use, except for general guidelines, is not controlled by law or by a donor.

For detailed information on school expenditures for all districts in California, see the CDE Current Expense of Education & Per-pupil Spending webpage at http://www.cde.ca.gov/ds/fd/ec/. For information on teacher salaries for all districts in California, see the CDE Certificated Salaries & Benefits webpage at http://www.cde.ca.gov/ds/fd/cs/. To look up expenditures and salaries for a specific school district, see the Ed-Data Web site at: http://www.ed-data.org.

#### Types of Services Funded (Fiscal Year 2010-11)

This section provides specific information about the types of programs and services available at the school that support and assists students. For example, this narrative may include information about supplemental educational services related to the school's federal Program Improvement (PI) status.

We are required to report financial data from the 2009-10 school year by the California Department of Education. More recent financial data is available on request from the district office.

#### Spending per Student

To make comparisons possible across schools and districts of varying sizes, we first report our overall spending per student. We base our calculations on our average daily attendance (ADA) for the 2009-10 school year.

We've broken down expenditures by the type of funds used to pay for them. Unrestricted funds can be used for any lawful purpose. Restricted funds, however, must be spent for specific purposes set out by legal requirements or the donor. Examples include funding for instructional materials, economic impact aid, and teacher and principal training funds.

Next to the figures for the district and state averages, we show the percentage by which the schools spending varies from the district and state averages. For example, we calculate the school's variance from the district average using this formula:

Teacher and Administrative Salaries (Fiscal Year 2009-10)

Category	District Amount	State Average for Districts In Same Category
Beginning Teacher Salary	\$53,285	\$41,262
Mid-Range Teacher Salary	\$69,084	\$65,368
Highest Teacher Salary	\$83,230	\$86,173
Average Principal Salary (Elementary)	\$105,437	\$95,926
Average Principal Salary (Middle)	\$107,274	\$99,356
Average Principal Salary (High)	\$111,584	\$107,041
Superintendent Salary	\$123,952	\$148,555
Percent of Budget for Teacher Salaries	68%	?
Percent of Budget for Administrative Salaries	10%	?

<sup>•</sup> For detailed information on salaries, see the CDE Certificated Salaries & Benefits webpage at http://www.cde.ca.gov/ds/fd/cs/.

#### IX. Student Performance

The Standardized Testing and Reporting (STAR) Program consists of several key components, including:

- California Standards Tests (CSTs), which include English-language arts (ELA) and mathematics in grades two through eleven; science in grades five, eight, and nine through eleven; and history-social science in grades eight, and nine through eleven.
- California Modified Assessment (CMA), an alternate assessment that is based on modified achievement standards in ELA for
  grades three through eleven; mathematics for grades three through seven, Algebra I, and Geometry; and science in grades five
  and eight, and Life Science in grade ten. The CMA is designed to assess those students whose disabilities preclude them from
  achieving grade-level proficiency on an assessment of the California content standards with or without accommodations.
- California Alternate Performance Assessment (CAPA), includes ELA and mathematics in grades two through eleven, and science
  for grades five, eight, and ten. The CAPA is given to those students with significant cognitive disabilities whose disabilities prevent
  them from taking either the CSTs with accommodations or modifications or the CMA with accommodations.

The assessments under the STAR Program show how well students are doing in relation to the state content standards. On each of these assessments, student scores are reported as performance levels.

For detailed information regarding the STAR Program results for each grade and performance level, including the percent of students not tested, see the CDE STAR Results Web site at http://star.cde.ca.gov.

Standardized Testing and Reporting Results for All Students - Three-Year Comparison

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Cubings	School		District			State			
Subject	2008-09	2009-10	2010-11	2008-09	2009-10	2010-11	2008-09	2009-10	2010-11
English-Language Arts	44	35	38	44	41	44	49	52	54
Mathematics	51	45	43	38	37	45	46	48	50
Science	0	0	0	51	54	48	50	54	57
History-Social Science	N/A	N/A	N/A	27	38	31	41	44	48

Scores are not shown when the number of students tested is ten or less, either because the number of students in this category is too small for statistical accuracy or to protect student privacy.

Standardized Testing and Reporting Results by Student Group - Most Recent Year

	Percent of Students Scoring at Proficient or Advanced					
Group	English- Language Arts	Mathematics	Science	History-Social Science		
All Students in the LEA	44	45	48	31		
All Student at the School	38	43	0	N/A		
Male	36	43	0	N/A		
Female	41	42	0	N/A		
Black or African American	0	0	0	N/A		
American Indian or Alaska Native	7	20	0	N/A		
Asian	33	43	0	N/A		
Filipino	0	0	0	N/A		
Hispanic or Latino	27	32	0	N/A		
Native Hawaiian/Pacific Islander	0	0	0	N/A		
White	53	56	0	N/A		
Two or More Races				N/A		
Socioeconomically Disadvantaged	32	35	0	N/A		
English Learners	16	19	0	N/A		
Students with Disabilities	70	54	0	N/A		
Students Receiving Migrant Education Services	0	0	0	N/A		

<sup>•</sup> Scores are not shown when the number of students tested is ten or less, either because the number of students in this category is too small for statistical accuracy or to protect student privacy.

# X. Accountability

#### **Academic Performance Index**

The Academic Performance Index (API) is an annual measure of state academic performance and progress of schools in California. API scores range from 200 to 1,000, with a statewide target of 800. For detailed information about the API, see the CDE API webpage at http://www.cde.ca.gov/ta/ac/ap/.

#### Academic Performance Index Ranks - Three-Year Comparison

This table displays the school's statewide and similar schools' API ranks. The **statewide API rank** ranges from 1 to 10. A statewide rank of 1 means that the school has an API score in the lowest ten percent of all schools in the state, while a statewide rank of 10 means that the school has an API score in the highest ten percent of all schools in the state.

The **similar schools API rank** reflects how a school compares to 100 statistically matched "similar schools." A similar schools rank of 1 means that the school's academic performance is comparable to the lowest performing ten schools of the 100 similar schools, while a similar schools rank of 10 means that the school's academic performance is better than at least 90 of the 100 similar schools.

API Rank	2008	2009	2010
Statewide	6	5	2
Similar Schools	6	4	1

Academic Performance Index Growth by Student Group - Three-Year Comparison

Crown	Actual API Change				
Group	2008-09	2009-10	2010-11		
All Students at the School	2	-51	3		
Black or African American					
American Indian or Alaska Native					
Asian					
Filipino					
Hispanic or Latino	-11	-53	5		
Native Hawaiian/Pacific Islander					
White	16	-48	1		
Two or More Races	N/D				
Socioeconomically Disadvantaged	-9	-61	27		
English Learners	-14	-61	14		
Students with Disabilities					

<sup>• &</sup>quot;N/D" means that no data were available to the CDE or LEA to report. "B" means the school did not have a valid API Base and there is no Growth or target information. "C" means the school had significant demographic changes and there is no Growth or target information.

# Academic Performance Index Growth by Student Group - 2011 Growth API Comparison

This table displays, by student group, the number of students included in the API and the 2011 Growth API at the school, LEA, and state level.

state level.	2011 Growth API						
Group	School		LEA		State		
	# of Students	Growth API	# of Students	Growth API	# of Students	Growth API	
All Students at the School	337	732	1,139	723	4,683,676	778	
Black or African American	5		14	635	317,856	696	
American Indian or Alaska Native	11	644	24	624	33,774	733	
Asian	21	746	70	674	398,869	898	
Filipino	1		2		123,245	859	
Hispanic or Latino	151	679	513	668	2,406,749	729	
Native Hawaiian/Pacific Islander	1		6		26,953	764	
White	147	794	508	789	1,258,831	845	
Two or More Races	0		1		76,766	836	
Socioeconomically Disadvantaged	238	699	737	672	2,731,843	726	
English Learners	130	664	381	620	1,521,844	707	
Students with Disabilities	26	781	98	558	521,815	595	

#### **Adequate Yearly Progress**

The federal ESEA requires that all schools and districts meet the following Adequate Yearly Progress (AYP) criteria:

- · Participation rate on the state's standards-based assessments in ELA and mathematics
- · Percent proficient on the state's standards-based assessments in ELA and mathematics
- API as an additional indicator
- Graduation rate (for secondary schools)

Detailed information about AYP, including participation rates and percent proficient results by student group, can be found at the CDE Adequate Yearly Progress (AYP) webpage at http://www.cde.ca.gov/ta/ac/ay/.

Adequate Yearly Progress Overall and by Criteria (School Year 2010-11)

AYP Criteria	School	District
Made AYP Overall	No	No
Met Participation Rate: English-Language Arts	Yes	Yes
Met Participation Rate: Mathematics	Yes	Yes
Met Percent Proficient: English-Language Arts	No	No
Met Percent Proficient: Mathematics	No	No
Met API Criteria	Yes	Yes
Met Graduation Rate (if applicable)	N/A	No

# Federal Intervention Program (School Year 2011-12)

Schools and districts receiving federal Title I funding enter Program Improvement (PI) if they do not make AYP for two consecutive years in the same content area (ELA or mathematics) or on the same indicator (API or graduation rate). After entering PI, schools and districts advance to the next level of intervention with each additional year that they do not make AYP. For detailed information about PI identification, see the CDE PI Status Determinations webpage: http://www.cde.ca.gov/ta/ac/ay/tidetermine.asp.

Indicator	School	District	
Program Improvement Status	In PI	In PI	
First Year of Program Improvement	2009-2010	2009-2010	
Year in Program Improvement	Year 3	Year 3	
Number of Schools Currently in Program Improvement		3	
Percent of Schools Currently in Program Improvement		75	

# XI. Instructional Planning and Scheduling

## **Professional Development**

This section provides information on the number of days provided for professional development and continuous professional growth in the most recent three year period. Questions that may be answered include:

- What are the primary/major areas of focus for staff development and specifically how were they selected? For example, were student achievement data used to determined the need for professional development in reading instruction?
- What are the methods by which professional development is delivered (e.g., after school workshops, conference attendance, individual mentoring, etc.)?
- How are teachers supported during implementation (e.g., through in-class coaching, teacher-principal meetings, student performance data reporting, etc.)?

None of our teachers has fewer than three years of teaching experience, which is below the average for new teachers in other elementary schools in California. Our teachers have, on average, 19 years of experience.

About 92 percent of our teachers hold a bachelor's degree from a four-year college or university. About eight percent have completed a master's degree or higher.

All of the faculty at Murdock hold a full credential. This number is close to the average for all elementary schools in the state. None of the faculty at Murdock holds a trainee credential, which is reserved for those teachers who are in the process of completing their teacher training. In comparison, two percent of elementary school teachers throughout the state hold trainee credentials. None of our faculty holds an emergency permit. Very few elementary school teachers hold this authorization statewide (just one percent). About 97 percent of the faculty at Murdock hold the elementary (multiple-subject) credential. This number is above the average for elementary schools in California, which is 90 percent. You can find three years of data about teachers' credentials in the Data Almanac that accompanies this report.

Teachers take time each year to improve their teaching skills and to extend their knowledge of the subjects they teach. Tehama, Butte, and Glenn County Offices of Education provide extensive opportunities for additional learning to include: Leadership Matters Workshop Series, Professional Learning Communities Training, Explicit Direct Instruction (EDI), and CA Treasures Curriculum Training.